

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICY STATEMENT

Policy Title: Intellectual Property Policy on Discoveries and Patents for Their Protection and 1 Commercialization 2 **APS Functional Area: ACADEMIC/RESEARCH APS Number:** 1013 3 This policy governs the ownership and disposition of intellectual property created by **Brief Description:** University employees, volunteers, students, and visitors. 6 March 2, 2006 TBD **Effective:** Daniel J. Wilkerson, Vice President, University Counsel and Secretary of the Board of 8 Approved by: 9 Regents President Todd Saliman (Pending) 10 Responsible University Officer: Daniel J. Wilkerson, Vice President, University Counsel and Secretary of the Board of 11 Regents Leonard Dinegar, Senior Vice President for Internal Operations and Chief of Staff The Principal Technology Transfer Officers 12 Technology Transfer OfficeTBD The Offices of the Principal Technology Transfer Officers 13 **Responsible Office:** 14 David N. Allen, Associate Vice President for Technology Transfer **Policy Contact:** 15 (david.allen@cu.edu)TBDThe Principal Technology Transfer Officers 16 **Supersedes:** Intellectual Property Policy on Discoveries and Patents for Their Protection and 17 Commercialization, March 2, 2006 March 2, 2003 18 Last Reviewed/Updated: February 2011 TBD (Pending)

19 Applies to: All campuses 20

Reason for Policy: The purpose of this Administrative Policy Statement is to implement Regent Policy <u>5.J.</u>, "Intellectual Property <u>on Related to Discoveries and Patents for Their Protection and Commercialization."</u>

I. INTRODUCTION

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Creating and disseminating knowledge is a fundamental mission for the University of Colorado. The creative environment of the University is conducive to the development of intellectual property. A clear and concise policy enhances the environment for development and commercialization of intellectual property such as inventions, patents and software.

The purpose of this Administrative Policy Statement is to implement Regent Policy 5J, "Intellectual Property on Related to Discoveries and Patents for Their Protection and Commercialization."

In this policy, the University of Colorado reaffirms its commitment to academic freedom. The University of Colorado also encourages and rewards its discoverers and innovators who benefit society and who create significant economic resources for themselves, their research programs and the University.

This policy shall be interpreted to be consistent with other University of Colorado policies, and federal and state statutes and regulations.

II. SCOPE OF POLICY STATEMENT

This policy shall be applicable to all units of the University and all included persons as that term is described below. Employees of the University are bound by this policy including those receiving salaries, scholarships, fellowships or other remuneration from the University, part time employees, student employees, University employees on sabbatical who receive remuneration from the University, and employees on a leave of absence who partake in substantial use of University resources. Adjunct and adjoint appointees and visitors who are collaborators with included persons and partake in substantial use of University Resources are also bound by this policy.

This policy applies to all Included Persons.

This policy does not change the traditional relationship between the University and employees who are creators or authors of <u>teaching</u>, scholarly and <u>artisticcreative</u> works. Ownership and copyrights in <u>teaching</u>, scholarly and <u>artisticcreative</u> works, including but not limited to textbooks, electronic media, syllabi, tests, assignments, monographs, papers, models, musical compositions, works of art and unpublished manuscripts are governed by <u>theRegent Policy 5K</u> "Intellectual Property that is Educational Material" and Administrative Policy Statement (APS), 1014, "Intellectual Property that is Educational Materials."

A. Campus Management of University Ownership. Discoveries

1. As required by Regent Policy, the University shall take assignment of and shall own all discoveries in which University has an interest. Every included person(s), as a condition of employment, and every collaborator participating with an included person on a discovery, will assign and hereby does assign any legal rights that may exist in such intellectual property.

The University shall have no ownership rights in the following intellectual property, which shall be owned by its creator:

- a. Intellectual property that is Educational Materials and owned by the creator as determined pursuant to the Administrative Policy Statement Intellectual Property that is Educational Materials; or
- b. Intellectual property created by a student solely for the purpose of satisfying course requirements, unless the student A) creates the intellectual property with an included person, B) assigns ownership rights in the intellectual property to the University in writing or C) must make an assignment of such ownership rights to the University as a condition for participation in a course.

Provided, however, that if the intellectual property referred to in (a) or (b) is a derivative of or otherwise uses preexisting University owned intellectual property, this provision shall not prevent the University from asserting its pre-existing rights.

2. As provided in A.1., the University shall take assignment and shall own "discoveries in which the University has an interest' that are created during the course of sponsored research, consulting, or other contractual arrangements. Only the Principal Technology Officer has the legal, delegated authority to assign ownership, license, or otherwise provide legal rights to discoveries and University intellectual property.

Each campus of the University shall be responsible for managing the protection and commercialization of University Discoveries made by Included Persons that are assigned to that campus and, as such, shall each establish a policy that addresses how the campus will protect and commercialize University Discoveries made by Included Persons that are assigned to that campus.

 Each such campus policy shall be drafted to encourage and reward its Discoverers to participate in commercialization activities that make Discoveries available for widespread use and benefit.

 Each campus chancellor of the University shall appoint a member of the campus' staff to serve as the Principal Technology Transfer Officer for that campus, to perform such duties and responsibilities as it shall prescribe in accordance with Regent Policy 5J and this policy, and shall establish a Technology Transfer Office or shall delegate the technology transfer function to another campus' Technology Transfer Office that will be responsible for the protection and commercialization of Discoveries made on that campus.

Each campus chancellor of the University shall delegate signature authority for any agreements involving University Discoveries and Intellectual Property related to a University Discovery to the Principal Technology Transfer Officer and their designees. Should a University employee not possessing such Delegated Authority sign an assignment of or other grant of rights to Intellectual Property related to any University Discovery or an agreement seeking to bind the University, such agreement is null and void.

B. Responsibilities of DiscoverersIncluded Persons

1. <u>Discovery Disclosure</u>

Included Persons shall disclose any Discovery made by that Included Person in accordance with the applicable policies and procedures established by that Included Person's campus. For the avoidance of doubt, Included Persons shall disclose Discoveries made with or for external research, business, and/or other third-party collaborators or partners or made pursuant to external professional and business activities.

1. Disclosure

Involvement of discoverers in all aspects of the intellectual property protection and commercialization process is essential for successful technology transfer. Discoverers are responsible for preparing a timely written disclosure of discoveries using the University's standard discovery disclosure forms. Discoverers will cooperate with the Technology Transfer Office and take all reasonable steps to fully complete discovery disclosure forms, provide complete description of the discovery, and to execute assignments and other documents necessary for the protection of a discovery or other documents conveying rights to University intellectual property. Discoverers will also cooperate with the Technology Transfer Office in matters such as sharing contacts and leads for potential licensees, communicating or meeting with potential licensees, providing samples and information to potential licensees (when reasonably available), and other activities as reasonably requested by the Technology Transfer Office in support of efforts to secure, market and transfer University intellectual property.

2. Sponsored Programs, Corporate, and Third—Party Obligations

Included Persons shall inform all University and their external research, business, and/or other third-party collaborators or partners of the terms and conditions of this policy and of any. Further, Included Persons shall not enter into contractual agreements that might substantially affect rights to discoveries Discoveries or Intellectual Property related to Discoveries created by with those collaborators. The without prior approval

from their campus Principal Technology Transfer Office will assist discoverers in assessing whether Officer or not a presentation or publication impacts patentability and in explaining this policy to collaborators. their designee.
 Other Reporting Requirements

3. Other Reporting Requirements

It is the responsibility of a discoverer<u>Included Persons</u> to provide the their campus Technology Transfer Office with current contact information and to provide the address to which the discoverer's Discoverer's apportionment of net receipts<u>Net Receipts</u> should be sent. It is also<u>Failure to provide current contact information may result in</u> the responsibility waiver by the <u>Discoverer</u> of the discoverer to work with the <u>Technology Transfer Office to create a University account for his or her research program apportionmentDiscoverer's share of net receiptsNet Receipts as set forth in Section H, below.</u>

4. Cooperation with the Campus Technology Transfer Office

Included Persons, at the request of their campus Technology Transfer Office, shall execute and deliver any and all documents that may be necessary or desirable to perfect title in the University to all University Discoveries and related Intellectual Property; execute all documents necessary to complete a patent, license, or other commercial application; and reasonably cooperate with their campus Technology Transfer Office in obtaining, protecting, and maintaining rights to University Discoveries, and as necessary to accomplish a licensing agreement or other activity for commercial development of University Discoveries.

C. Responsibilities of the University Campus Technology Transfer Offices

The Associate Vice President for Principal Technology Transfer has Officers have the primary responsibility for the implementation of this policy on behalf of the University. Only University Officials who have specific delegated authority may undertake actions in the name of the University to execute this policy. their respective University campuses. The Principal Technology Transfer Officer or their designee will:

- 1. <u>superviseSupervise</u> the management of each <u>case pursued byDiscovery disclosed to</u> the <u>campus'</u>
 Technology Transfer Office, including complete record keeping and required reporting of all actions;
- 2. determine Determine whether the University or any other party has rights to discoveries Discoveries according to Regent Policy 5J and this policy, and if so, the basis and extent of such rights. In, and the absence of agreement on inventorship, the Technology Transfer Office extent to which it will pursue protection and/or commercialization of the Discovery.
- 2.3. For patentable Discoveries, work with the Discoverers and legal counsel to determine the actual inventors of the Discovery under United States Patent Law₅.
- 3.4. In those cases in which the University elects to pursue the protection and/or commercialization of a Discovery, assess what steps should be taken with respect to the protection and commercialization of discoveries including patentability, licensing or use in the public domain. the Discovery. These decisions should consider the wishes of the discoverer whenever reasonably feasible, should be informed by commercially reasonable standards, should consider all relevant legally binding agreements, and should be in the best interest of the University; Decisions regarding the terms and

conditions of the protection and commercialization of all Discoveries owned by the University are within the sole discretion of the Principal Technology Transfer Officer.

- 4.5. supervise Supervise the processes of the campus' Technology Transfer Office for obtaining legal protection and/or arranging for licensing or other commercial development in those cases in which commercializing Discoveries, including developing Discoveries within the University elects to pursue its rights, includingor in partnership with outside parties, preparing and prosecuting applications for patent, copyright registration, and other legal protection, or obtaining counsel or other assistance for that purpose, combining University Discoveries with discoveries made by other individuals, companies, governmental agencies and other research entities, negotiating or assisting in negotiation of licenses and related agreements, and monitoring the collection and distribution of net receipts; and Net Receipts.
- 6. Working with the relevant campus unit responsible for sponsored research agreements, review-and, negotiate, and approve sponsored research agreement terms whichthat implicate discoveries University Discoveries and existing or future Intellectual Property related to University intellectual property and in particular supervise Discoveries.
- Supervise compliance with government regulations concerning discoveries Discoveries developed with government support. The Principal Technology Transfer Officer

D. Release of Rights to the Discoverers

5. Each campus shall sign any sponsored research agreement which obligates to third parties existing or future University intellectual property establish a policy addressing if and when the campus will release the University's rights in a University Discovery and the Intellectual Property Rights related to a University Discovery to the relevant Discoverers.

The procedure for administration of discovery disclosures by the Technology Transfer Office will be as follows:

Upon receipt of a discovery disclosure, the Technology Transfer Office will make all reasonable efforts to work with the discoverer to promptly evaluate the discovery disclosure for patentability, technical feasibility and commercial potential and may undertake any of the following actions: 1) request additional information and data from the discoverer to complete the discovery disclosure as necessary to file a patent application; 2) proceed to file a patent application on the discovery; 3) market the University intellectual property to potential licensees prior to patent filing; or 4) formally decide not to proceed with protecting and/or marketing the University intellectual property. In making this determination, the Technology Transfer Office shall take into account licensing mechanisms for further academic research, open source licensing in the case of software, and the general missions of the University in the creation and dissemination of knowledge for the public good.

In all cases, based on reasonable cooperation by the discoverer, the Technology Transfer Office shall endeavor to make a preliminary decision on protecting the University discovery within four (4) months of receipt of a complete discovery disclosure.

Impending publication or other unique circumstances may motivate a decision sooner than the four month period. Should the Technology Transfer Office decide not to protect or market the discovery, the Technology Transfer Office will ask the discoverer in writing if he or she desires that the University release all or a subset of its rights in the discovery to the discoverer, as allowed by law and Section H of this policy, subject to rights of sponsors and the right of the University to practice the discovery for academic use.

Only designated officials have the delegated authority to bind the University in an agreement involving University discoveries and University intellectual property. Should a University employee not possessing such delegated authority sign an assignment of intellectual property rights or an agreement seeking to bind the University, such an agreement will be null and void.

D. Committee on University Discoveries

The Committee on University Discoveries ("Committee") shall be composed of nine members. The Associate Vice President for Technology Transfer shall select the members in consultation with and concurrence by the Campus Chancellors who shall consult with the chair from the respective Faculty Councils. All members will serve staggered three year terms. Each year the Committee will elect its Chair, who will serve for the following one year. Committee members may serve no more than one term of three consecutive years after which time they will be ineligible for service for one year. Members of the Committee will not participate as members in deliberations or actions of the Committee concerning matters in which they have a beneficial interest. Official actions of the Committee will require the concurrence of at least five (5) members. The Principal Technology Transfer Officer will be a permanent ex-officio member of the Committee.

E. Committee Responsibilities

1. The Committee will:

- a. review Regent policy, "Intellectual Property on Discoveries and Patents for Their Protection and Commercialization," at least every three years;
- b. review and advise the Principal Technology Transfer Officer on the standards and procedures contained in this policy;
- c. convene at least once per year to review the procedures used in implementing and administering this policy, and where deemed necessary, develop and recommend changes in standards and procedures to the Principal Technology Transfer Officer; and
- d. serve as a board to which discoverers may appeal actions of University officers responsible for executing this policy, subject to appropriate review standards and procedures set forth in this policy.

2. Discoverer Appeal Process

Discoverers or other included persons may appeal to the Committee actions of University officers responsible for executing this policy. Grounds for such appeal are alleged failure of University officers to comply with the provisions of this policy, to substantially follow implementing guidelines, or to demonstrate reasonable diligence in decision making.

A discoverer or other included person will submit the appeal in writing to the Committee Chair who will determine whether the petitioner has made reasonable efforts to resolve the complaint with the University officer and whether the substance of the appeal appears to be within the scope of this policy. The Committee Chair shall schedule the meeting. At least five Committee members must be in attendance. Proceedings will be informal and held in confidence. All parties will have adequate notice and an opportunity to be heard. After considering all relevant information, the Committee Chair will send to the University Vice President a written report of the Committee's findings, which will include a decision on the issues raised by the petitioner and any recommended corrective action. The University Vice President will review the report and may adopt it in whole or in part and/or modify it on behalf of the University. The decision of the University Vice President shall be final.

E. Dispute Resolution

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F. Procedures for Receiving and Distributing Tangible Research Property

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University researchers shall disclose and discuss the terms of transfer of research materials with a campus Sponsored Program Office or the Technology Transfer Office before accepting or distributing tangible research property. University researchers are also responsible for complying with campus policies and procedures on the handling of tangible research property.

1. Receiving tangible research property

An agreement specifying the rights and obligations in tangible research property shall be executed by the external (institutional or commercial) parties involved in the transfer. Tangible research property agreements shall be negotiated by Technology Transfer Office, as may be applicable.

The delegated authority for signing an incoming tangible research property transfer agreement is within the Technology Transfer Office. Researchers receiving tangible research property shall sign the tangible research property agreement acknowledging the terms of the agreement.

Distributing tangible research property

The delegated authority for signing non-exclusive transfer agreements providing for the distribution of tangible research property to organizations for non-commercial research and/or commercial use research is within the Technology Transfer Office.

Costs associated with the transfer of tangible research property

Tangible research property transfer agreements may provide for recovery of costs of the tangible research property to be delivered. As a general rule, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) is the upper limit allowable for recovery of tangible research property costs. Recoverable costs are those direct costs necessary to prepare and ship the materials. According to this general rule, an agreement providing for the transfer of tangible research property involving remuneration in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) will be treated as a license agreement and the remuneration will be considered as royalty and subject to net receipts distributions.

Consulting Each campus shall develop a policy regarding the receipt and distribution of Tangible Research Property.

G. External Professional and Business Activity Related to the Transfer of Discoveries

Consulting External professional and business activities, including for example, professional consulting or participation in a start-up company, have the potential to result in the loss or diminishment creation of University's intellectual property rights.a University Discovery. Included persons Persons engaging in consulting external professional or in-business activity activities, and those with delegated authority to approve such activities on behalf of the University, are responsible for ensuring that any agreements with external entities are not in conflict with this policy. The relevant campus Technology Transfer Office will provide assistance to discoverers may advise Included Persons, and those charged with approving their consulting or business activity, on interpreting and suggesting language in consulting and business related agreements concerning intellectual property rights subject to the application of this policy. In some cases, the University manages consulting activities through affiliated entities (e.g., University Physicians, Inc.). Included persons to their external professional or business

activity. Prior to engaging in external professional or business activity, Included Persons are responsible for determining which entity manages its consulting activities. making their obligations under this policy and related policies clear to those external entities. It may be prudent for the Included Person to engage outside legal counsel to provide advice on an Included Person's participation in such professional and business activities.

Prior to engaging in consulting or business activity related to intellectual property, included persons are responsible for making their University intellectual property obligations clear to those external entities. The Technology Transfer Office will assist included persons and University officials reviewing consulting and related legal agreements to understand and appropriately revise, if need be, the intellectual property clauses of such agreements. In some cases it may be prudent for the included person to engage outside legal counsel to provide advice on such agreements concerning matters outside the scope of this policy.

University intellectual property rights and the obligations of included persons to the University shall not be diminished by the terms of included persons' consulting or business activity agreements with third parties, except as the Principal Technology Transfer Officer may specifically authorize in writing. As a general rule, consulting work that is evaluative or advisory, such as when expert opinion and scientific review are offered, is unlikely to constitute discoveries in which the University has an interest. Conversely, consulting work that is related to an included person's activities or field of expertise at the University, as articulated in a faculty member's professional plan or an employee's position description, and that has the potential for the creation of discoveries in which the University has an interest requires that procedures related to discovery disclosure in this policy be followed. Requests for authorization to remove or limit the University's rights or included persons' obligations in consulting or business activity agreements are to be submitted to the Principal Technology Transfer Officer who, upon a request by the included person, will consult with the individual's unit supervisor, University Vice President, and other relevant University officers.

H. Transfer of Rights to Discoverers

If the University decides not to pursue a discovery in which the University has an interest, then the discoverer has the right to pursue commercialization of the discovery, subject to any rights of other parties. If the Technology Transfer Office does not exercise its rights to University intellectual property through:

- 1. securing or maintaining legal protection as described in Section C of this policy, or
- 2. licensure of rights to another party or dedication of its rights to the public, or
- 3. if the University chooses to protect intellectual property, but does not arrange for its commercial development or dedication to the public within a reasonable time, then, the Technology Transfer Office will inquire in writing to the discoverer if he or she desires the University to release its rights in the discovery to the discoverer.

Upon receipt of a written affirmation by the discoverer (or in the case of multiple discoverers, a written affirmation by all discoverers), the Principal Technology Transfer Officer will release to the discoverer(s) the University's rights provided the University will retain a royalty free license to use the discovery for research, educational, and service purposes for the legal life of the discovery. Such release will also be contingent upon the approval by the company or agency that funded research from which the discovery was derived. The Technology Transfer Office will cooperate in obtaining the approval from the company or agency that funded research.

I. Distribution of Net Receipts

In the event that a discoverer or anyone from the group of discoverers is no longer an employee of the University, that discoverer's personal share of net receipts will continue. Upon the death of a discoverer, his or her personal share of net receipts will be directed to his/her heirs or estate.

The Technology Transfer Office agrees to share and distribute net receipts received from the commercialization of any discovery developed under the terms of an agreement as follows: 25 percent to discoverer(s) personally; 25 percent to a University campus account for support of discoverer's(s') research; 25 percent to an account for the benefit of the University; and 25 percent to the Campus Chancellor, which will be directed to research with technology transfer potential and distributed on a percentage basis as determined at each individual campus. The Campus Chancellors' Offices will make information regarding this distribution readily available. In the event that all discoverers related to a particular discovery, including emeriti with active research accounts as determined by the departmental chair, are no longer employed by the University, the 25 percent designated to such research account shall be divided 10% to an account for the benefit of the University and 15% to the Campus Chancellor, which will be distributed in a manner identical to the Campus Chancellor share mentioned above. Any disputes that are unable to be resolved through discussions of the Principal Technology Transfer Officer and interested parties related to the distribution of research accounts shall be presented to and adjudicated by the Committee on University Discoveries. Inventors who have left University employment and thereby have forfeited their 25 percent for support of discoverers' research, will be eligible to reinstate this support upon being re employed by the University.

Net receipts amounts allocated to discoverers will be divided equally among them. However, individual discoverers may enter into agreements to reallocate such amounts either among themselves or others who contributed to the research upon which the University intellectual property is based. Participants in any apportionment also have the option of assigning their personal share to any account managed by the University. Such agreements must be in writing, signed by all of those affected and submitted to the Principal Technology Transfer Officer. In order for discoverers who desire to assign their personal share of net receipts to an account managed by the University to have no negative tax consequence, the assignment must occur before the first royalty or related payment is received by the University from the licensee. If the University does not have the discoverer's address, any net receipts amount allocated to an individual that cannot be distributed within a reasonable time will be transferred to a reserve account managed under the rules of the University's escheat property accounting policy.

When in the judgment of the Principal Technology Transfer Officer a reasonable basis exists for believing that net receipts subject to allocation and distribution under this policy may be required to be changed or otherwise expended, or that others may have a claim to such amounts, the allocation and distribution may be delayed for a reasonable period required for resolution of the matter. Payments made in good faith prior to such a resolution by the University to one or more claimants will fully satisfy any obligations on the part of the University to all claimants for the amounts so paid. Awards, prizes, honoraria, and the like received by individuals primarily as recognition for invention achievement are not considered as net receipts.

J. Special Circumstances Concerning Scope of this Policy

The University shall have no ownership rights in discoveries created by a student solely for the purpose of satisfying course requirements, unless the student creates the discovery with an included person, or assigns ownership rights in the discovery to the University in writing or unless assignment of such ownership rights to the University is made a condition for participation in a course. The University will make no ownership claim on discoveries created by a student who is not employed by the University or has not used substantial University resources to develop intellectual property, unless the student's work is part of a discovery in which the University has an interest and is University intellectual property. If the student-created discovery is a discovery in which the University has an interest and is University intellectual property, the student will be bound by this policy, including but not limited to, rights in the distribution of net receipts. A student who holds an award such as scholarship or fellowship through the University and who creates a discovery developed during the course of the award will be bound by this policy. The lab share of any student covered by this policy shall be directed to such student's supervisor's lab account and such funds should be directed to the student inventor for the duration of the student's involvement at CU. The University will make no ownership claim on discoveries created by an included person who has not used substantial University resources to develop a discovery and who has created a discovery which is not related to his or her research activities or field of expertise as articulated in a faculty member's professional plan or an employee's position description. However, the

University may exercise its rights if the employee's work is part of a discovery in which the University has an interest such as a new use or improvement of existing University intellectual property.

To the extent an Included Person makes a Discovery in the conduct of external professional or business activities, the Included Person must disclose the Discovery in accordance with this policy so that the relevant campus Technology Transfer Office may make the determination whether the University owns the Discovery under this policy. Included Persons have no authority to grant any rights under University Discoveries and Intellectual Property rights relating to University Discoveries, even if such Discoveries are related to external professional or business activities with third parties.

H. Distribution of Net Receipts

A campus Technology Transfer Office, upon receipt of financial consideration pursuant to a transfer or license of a Discovery and/or Intellectual Property for a Discovery, shall retain from such amounts all unreimbursed Discovery Expenses. From the Net Receipts, the campus Technology Transfer Office shall then retain any share of Net Receipts subject to the terms of any applicable allocation agreements with other campuses or affiliate hospital partners.

Each campus Technology Transfer Office shall set its own policy regarding the division of the remaining Net Receipts but must distribute no less than 30% of any remaining Net Receipts to the Discoverers of the relevant Discovery.

A campus Technology Transfer Office may withhold a Discoverer's share of Net Receipts in the following instances: (i) making a payment would violate any applicable laws or regulations or (ii) the Discoverer has failed to comply with their obligations under this policy. If a Discoverer fails to provide updated contact information to their Technology Transfer Office, and the Technology Transfer Office is unable to locate a Discoverer to provide the Discoverer's share of Net Receipts for a period of 24 months, such share of Net Receipts shall revert to the relevant campus Technology Transfer Office.

I. Discoveries that Are Software or Other Copyrighted Materials

<u>Software or other copyrighted materials may constitute a University Discovery.</u> Each respective campus shall <u>implement policies specific to Discoveries that are software or other copyrighted materials.</u>

K. J. Special Circumstances Related to the Grant of a License to a Start-Up Company

The University encourages the start upformation of companies based upon technology transfer ofto commercialize University intellectual property Discoveries provided that conflicts of interest and commitment are addressed and, if necessary, managed. The University may license Intellectual Property in University intellectual property Discoveries to companies in which included persons Included Persons have a financial interest provided that conflict of interest and conflict of commitment concerns have been adequately addressed in a conflict of interest management agreement between those included persons Included Persons and the University. Similarly, companies in which included persons Included Persons hold a financial interest may sponsor research and if duly qualified, that included person Included Person may be an investigator, subject to an approved conflict of interest management agreement. Interest Management Agreement. The responsibility for preparing and enforcing the conflict Onflict of interest management agreement Interest Management Agreement resides in the University employee's administrative chain of supervision or in other designated University committees, e.g., Campuscampus

conflict of interest committees and/or campus research compliance officer.-_ Such committees or officers may request assistance from the Technology Transfer Office, the Office of University Counsel and other relevant University officers in preparing the conflict of interest management agreementConflict of Interest Management Agreement.

The Each respective campus Technology Transfer Office, in consultation with the discoverer, will make a determination as to whether University intellectual property has the potential to be licensed as the basis of a new company. Three primary criteria for any start up company to license University intellectual property are: 1) a business plan that sufficiently identifies the resources and steps necessary to commercialize the University intellectual property, 2) a commitment of sufficient initial capital and a reasonable chance to obtain additional capital necessary to commercialize the University intellectual property, and 3) a sufficiently experienced and available management team capable of raising capital and executing the business plan. If the company does not meet these criteria, the company may receive either a time-limited exclusive option to the University intellectual property during which period the company should work to assemble the resources and information necessary to meet these three determine requirements for commercializing University Discoveries or an exclusive license conditional on at least these three criteria. Decisions about whether or not a potential licensee meets the three primary requirements for a license will be made by the Principal Technology Transfer Officer. The Principal Technology Transfer Officer may seek input on this decision from the Technology Transfer Office business advisory board as may be reasonably appropriate. Equity Intellectual Property related to University Discoveries with start-up companies and when equity received as consideration for a license, by either the University or an organization designated by the University to hold such equity, will be distributed as soon as it is feasible to do so, except in special circumstances as determined by the University or by the University designee. Equity received as consideration for a license to Intellectual Property related to University intellectual property Discoveries will be treated as net receipts Net Receipts upon liquidation.

Special Circumstances Related K. Where Discoverers from Multiple Campuses Make a Discovery

L.—Where Discoverers from multiple campuses contribute to Software

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In order to determine whether or not software is within the scope invention or creation of this policy, included persons will disclose all software intended for use outside of the a University to Discovery, the relevant campus Technology Transfer Office, The Office, shall confer and determine which campus Technology Transfer Office will provide a separate software discovery disclosure form. Software generally is covered by copyright protection; however, some software is patentable. To the extent the software is a part of a textbook shall assume the lead with respect to protecting and commercializing the Discovery and distributing Net Receipts in accordance with this policy and the relevant campus policies. Each Discoverer is responsible for disclosing the Discovery to his, her, or other education program, any non-patent eligible content contained in the program shall not be considered discoveries under this policy. Such content may be covered by the policy on Intellectual Property that is Educational Materials and thetheir respective campus Technology Transfer Office may notify the appropriate parties of such possible coverage. If the software is determined by the Technology Transfer Office to be patentable, it will be handled as patentable intellectual property under the scope of this policy. If the disclosed software is determined by the Technology Transfer Office as not patentable, the Technology Transfer Office may either: 1) legally secure the software through copyright and market it to potential licensees, 2) distribute the software through open source licensing, or 3) assign University intellectual property in the software to the discoverer under the terms of this policy. If the open source licensing is chosen, the discoverer will work with the Technology Transfer Office to ensure that no other parties claim rights to the software, no conflicts of interest would result from the open source license, and the appropriate type of open source license and disclaimer is being

476	utilized in the software distribution. The Technology Transfer Office will use its commercially reasonable efforts		
477	to determine these issues and recommend a course of action for disposition of software to the discoverer in a		
478	timely manner.		
479	All relevant campus Technology Transfer Offices must agree before any Discovery is released to the Discoverers		
480	under subsection II.D, above.		
400	under subsection 11.D, above.		
481	III. DEFINITIONS		
482	III. DEFINITIONS		
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483	The terms defined in Section 3 of Regent policy 5J, "Intellectual Property Policy on Related to Discoveries and Patents		
484	for their Protection and Commercialization," apply to this Administrative Policy Statement. Terms and are included below for		
485	convenience. Additional terms used in this policy are defined below:		
486	"collaborator" or "collaborators" "Campus Discovery(ies)" means any person or persons who participate with an included		
487	person on a discovery.		
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489	"Committee on University Discoveries" means Discovery made by Included Persons that are assigned to a committee specific		
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490	<u>campus.</u>		
491	"Conflict of University employees empowered to oversee matters related to University intellectual property and hear		
492	appeals raised by University employees as authorized by Regent policy, "Intellectual Property Policy on Discoveries and		
493	Patents for their Protection and Commercialization."		
400	ratents for their Protection and Commercianzation.		
494	"conflict of interest agreementInterest Management Agreement" means a written agreement or management plan between the		
495	University and the discoverer Discoverer(s) specifying how actual or perceived conflicts of interest or commitment are reduced		
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490	or eliminated as required by Administrative Policy Statement Conflicts of Interest and Commitment.		
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497	"delegated authority" means the approval granted by the University campus chancellor to a University		
498	officercampus employee to execute agreements.		
499	"discovery" Discovery" or "discoveries Discoveries" means any inventive idea and/or its reduction to practice which that relates		
500	to, but is not limited to: new processes or methods of producing a new and useful industrial result; any composition of matter,		
501	including chemical and biological compounds and research materials; any new devices; any new plant; any new design in		
502	connection with the production or manufacture of an article; any new computer hardware and/or software programs; any know-		
503	how supporting these inventive ideas, systems, devices, compositions, programsclinical protocol or processes; and survey		
504	<u>instrument;</u> any new use or improvement of existing systems, <u>devices, compositions, programsprocesses</u> , or <u>processes methods</u>		
505	of producing a new and useful industrial result, devices, compositions of matter, or software programs; and any know-how and		
506	data supporting these inventive ideas.		
507	"discoverer" Discoverer or "discoverers Discoverers" means any individual or group of individuals responsible for who are the		
508	inventors or creators of a discovery Discovery.		
300	inventors of elections of a discovery Discovery.		
E00	Walion and the William Common Property of the Common Commo		
509	"discoveries in which "Discovery Expenses" means all documented, unreimbursed expenditures incurred by the University has		
510	for any Discovery, including but not limited to:		

• to engage third parties to analyze, prepare, determine inventorship/authorship, file, register, record, prosecute, issue,

maintain, assess value, and litigate, including defending in litigation or an interest" means discoveries made while

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513 514	performing duties required by administrative proceeding, Intellectual Property for a Discovery or any other issue relating to University grant or contract, and/or made Discoveries;
515 516 517	for obtaining searches and opinions and otherwise in connection with substantial use of University resources, and/or made as marketing, licensing, enforcing, administering contractual obligations, and collecting license income for, a result of the use of sponsored program funds supplied Discovery or administered related Intellectual Property;
518 519	• for amounts owed to joint owners of a Discovery under Discovery management agreements or inter-institutional agreements; and
520 521	any award funded and provided by _the University, and/or made in fulfillment of an included person's work responsibilities. or supported program to advance commercialization of that Discovery, with Chancellor approval.
522 523 524	"discovery disclosure" means the confidential document provided to the Technology Transfer Office by a University discoverer which specifies the nature of the discovery and which may include information useful to assess University ownership, patentability, technical feasibility and commercial viability of the discovery.
525	• "included personsany unreimbursed grant funding that is required to be repaid by the grant agreement.
526	Discovery Expenses does not include any compensation to University employees.
527 528 529 530 531 532	"Included Persons" means all faculty members and other employees (including students on appointment as University employees) employees of the University, including those individuals receiving salaries, scholarships research stipends, fellowships or other remuneration from the University, part-time employees, student employees, University employees on sabbatical who receive remuneration from the University, and employees on a paid leave of absence. Included Persons also includes University volunteers, students, and visitors who partake in substantial use make Substantial Use of University resources. Resources, and Visiting Scholars.
533 534 535 536 537	"intellectual property" Intellectual Property" means any discovery for which legal protection is that exists and/or is or may be sought. for any Discovery. For example, Intellectual Property may include, but is not limited to, a patent, copyright, know how mask work, tangible research property, trademark, trade secret Patent, Copyright, Mask Work, Trademark, Service Mark, Trade Secret, proprietary and confidential information, tangible materials, and other forms of intellectual property legally recognized now or in the future.
538 539 540	"net receipts" Net Receipts" means all financial consideration received by the <u>University relevant campus Technology Transfer Office</u> or its agent from the transfer, license, <u>developmentassignment</u> , or <u>commercial exploitationsale</u> of <u>a University Discovery</u> , the <u>intellectual property</u> , less all <u>unreimbursed legal expenses</u> .
541 542 543 544 545	"patent," "copyright," "mask work," "trade secret", "know how", "trademark" Intellectual Property for a University Discovery, and "/or a product/service mark/asset embodying a University Discovery less all Discovery Expenses for the Discovery or Discoveries (including Intellectual Property for the University Discovery) that generated such financial consideration. For clarity, proceeds from an investment by the University into a company or used for the development of a University Discovery that is commercialized by the company, including through an investment fund are not Net Receipts.
546	"Patent," "Copyright," "Mask Work," "Trade Secret", "Trademark" and "Service Mark" have the meanings attributed to those

terms by Federal U.S. statutes, regulations, and case law.

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- "Principal Technology Transfer Officer" means the University officer primarily for each University campus delegated the responsibility to perform activities to execute by the campus to perform such duties and responsibilities as the University and the campus may prescribe for the purposes of effecting Regent Policy 5.J, this policy, and the campus policy.
 - "sponsored program" Sponsored Program" means a research, instruction, or service activity either that has been or is financially supported, authorized, administered, or managed by the University.
 - "substantial use "Substantial Use of University resources" Resources" means use of University administered funds, programs, Sponsored Programs, facilities, research equipment, including software, research space or other physical assets that gogoes above and beyond those customarily and currently provided to included persons. Included Persons in accordance with their University position as an employee, student, or volunteer. A Visiting Scholar or any other visitor makes Substantial Use of University Resources by using any University administered funds, Sponsored Programs, facilities, research equipment, including software, research space, or other physical assets. For purposes of this policy, offices, office equipment, library access, desktop and laptop computers, photocopy equipment, telephone, servers, and fax machines, which that are customarily provided would be, are excluded from determination of substantial use of University resources. Substantial Use of University Resources as permitted under a separately executed facilities use agreement will not be considered Substantial Use of University Resources. (This provision is not intended to override any other University policy concerning reimbursement for facilities or equipment usage.)
 - "tangible research property" Tangible Research Property" means a tangible physical or biological entity that is, or may be, useful in research. Examples include models, devices, designs, avatars, computer software, storage media containing machine instructions, text, tissues, serum, fluids, organs, cell lines, antibodies, recombinant materials, chemical compounds and compositions, formulations, plant varieties, laboratory notebooks, clinical information,—records and data related to discoveries Discoveries. Some tangible research property Tangible Research Property may comprise discoveries in which the University has an interest Discoveries.
 - "Technology Transfer Office" means the University <u>unitcampus units</u> responsible for securing, protecting, marketing, licensing and managing University <u>intellectual property Discoveries</u>.
 - "University intellectual property Discoveries" means a discovery in which Discoveries made:
 - with the Substantial Use of University has an interest and/or any legal means which the University may employ to claim ownership of intellectual property according to this policy. Resources; and/or
 - "in fulfillment of an Included Person's Work Responsibilities."

- A Discovery made by an Included Person in connection with consulting or other third-party contractual arrangements is a
 University Vice President Discovery if it meets the above criteria.
- "Visting Scholar" means the a person who has been granted access to University Vice President, administered funds, Sponsored
 Programs, facilities, research equipment, including software, research space or other physical assets pursuant to an
 appropriately executed Visiting Scholar Agreement.
 - "Visiting Scholar Agreement" means a separately executed written agreement between a person or that person's home institution and University Counsel and Secretary of the Boardpermitting Substantial Use of Regents University Resources, which agreement includes intellectual property provisions approved by the appropriate Principal Technology Transfer Officer.

584	<u>.</u>	'unreimbursed legal expenses" means all documented legal service expenditures incurred by entities engaged by the
585		University to analyze, prepare, file, register, record, prosecute, issue, maintain, analyze value and litigate University
586		intellectual property, including but not limited to searches, opinions and extraordinary expenses in connection with
587	-	licensing, infringement protection and collection of license income.
588	"Wo	rk Responsibilities" means any work, including third party employment such as consulting activity, that is related to an
589	Inclu	ded Person's activities or field of expertise at the University as evidenced by their research focus, or as otherwise
590	·	ulated in a faculty member's professional plan or an employee's position description.
591	IV.	RELATED POLICIES, PROCEDURES, FORMS, GUIDELINES, AND OTHER RESOURCES
592		A. Administrative Policy Statements (APS) and Other Policies
593		Regent Policy 5.K: Policy on Intellectual Property that is Educational Material
594 595		APS: Conflicts of Interest and Commitment
596		Regent Policy 5.K: Policy on Intellectual Property that is Educational Material APS: Conflicts of Interest and
597		Commitment
598		Campus TTO Policies
599		B. Forms
600		Invention Submission Forms
601		-
602	4	C. Other Resources (i.e. training, secondary contact information)
603		
604		Start-up Manual
605		Investiga Calculation Forms
606		Invention Submission Forms
607	V.	HISTORY
608		Original APS adopted on January 16, 2003.
609		Subsequent revisions on March 2, 2003 and March 2, 2006.
610		Reviewed but not revised in February 2009.
611		Reviewed and non-substantive cleanup made in July 2010.
612		Reviewed and non-substantive cleanup made in February 2011.
613		Revised TBD (Pending)
614		
615	<u>I.</u>	VI. KEY WORDS: Royalty, technology-license, material transfer agreement, equity, stock ownership,
616		commercialization, venture, entrepreneur, Bayh Dole Act, company, intellectual property